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APPLICATION NO	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/516,648	03/01/2000	Roger P Hoffman	P/2-61	3239
7	590 06/01/2004		EXAM	INER
Weiss and Weiss			KRUER, KEVIN R	
Philip M Weiss			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
310 Old Country Road, Suite 201 Garden City, NY 11530			1773	

DATE MAILED: 06/01/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/516,648	HOFFMAN, ROGER P
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kevin R Kruer	1773
- The MAILING DATE of this commun. Period for Reply	cation appears on the cover sh	eet with the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F: THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNI  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions after SIX (9) MONTH'S from the mailing date of this comm If the period for reply specified above, its maximum six II NO period for reply is periodified above, the maximum six	CATION. of 37 CFR 1.138(a). In no event, however, unication.	may a reply be timely filed  n of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
<ul> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply Any reply received by the Office later than three months a earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>		
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) file	d on 18 March 2004.	
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	2b) This action is non-final.	
<ol> <li>Since this application is in condition</li> </ol>		
closed in accordance with the practi	ce under Ex parte Quayle, 193	5 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1.3-5.7,8,10-20 and 22-28	s/are pending in the applicatio	n.
4a) Of the above claim(s) 24-28 is/ar	e withdrawn from consideratio	n.
<ol><li>Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li></ol>		
6) Claim(s) 1.3-5.7.8.10-20,22 and 23	s/are rejected.	
<ol><li>Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li></ol>		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restric	tion and/or election requireme	nt.
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	a) accepted or b) object	ed to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the drawing(s) be held in	abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	the correction is required if the di	rawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(
11) The oath or declaration is objected to	by the Examiner. Note the at	tached Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim a) All b) Some * c) None of:	for foreign priority under 35 U.	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) Notice of the priority	daarmanta harra haan waasira	
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority		
		been received in this National Stage
	nal Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)	-
* See the attached detailed Office action	, , ,	
dec inc attached detailed emos dead	irror a not or the outlined copie	STICK TOSCITOG.
Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		erview Summary (PTO-413)
<ol> <li>Notice of Oraftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or Paper No(s)/Mall Date</li> </ol>		per No(s)/Mail Date  dice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Paper No(symali Date  S, Patent and Trademark Office		
TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	Office Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 052520

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#### DETAILED ACTION

#### Election/Restrictions

 Claims 24-28 withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in Paper No. 12/03/2001.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The term "publication grade paper" is indefinite. The term is not defined in the specification, nor does the term have an art accepted meaning. Applicant must amend the claim, show where the term is defined in the original disclosure, or provide the Office with a reference that defines the term and predates the prior date of the current Application.
- 3. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The claim contains an improper Markush group. The claims should state that the coating is "selected from the group consisting of clay, protein, starch, titanium dioxide, and mixtures thereof."
- The rejection of claims 2 and 21 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter

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which applicant regards as the invention has been overcome by amendment. Applicant has canceled claims 2 and 21.

5. The rejection of claim 9 under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention has been overcome by amendment. Applicant has canceled claim 9.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- Claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173) for reasons of record.
- Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173), as applied to claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 for reasons of record.
- 8. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173), as applied to claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 and further in view of Holder Jr. (US 3,982,056) for reasons of record.
- Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
   Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173), as applied to claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 above for reasons of record.

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- 10. Claims 15, and 17-19 are rejected under Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173), as applied to claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 above, and further in view of Confer (US 3,603,501) for reasons of record.
- 11. Claims 15-20, 22, and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Cavagna et al. (US 4,898,752) in view of Peer et al. (US 4,254,173), as applied to claims 1, 3, 4, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13 above, and further in view of Knudson et al. (US 4,913.773) for reasons of record.

### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed March 18, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that "publication grade paper" is definied on page 5 of the specification as label paper or other printing and writing grades of paper. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The specification states that the paper sheet may comprise "publication or lable paper or other printing and writing grades of paper." The specification lists writing grades of paper and label paper as alternatives to publication grade paper, not as examples of publication grade paper or as a definition of publication grade paper. Thus, the disclosure of page 5 fails to overcome the outstanding 35 U.S.C.112, second paragraph rejection. Applicant further argues that the disclosure on page 11 renders the phrase definite. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Page 11 states that the surfaces may appear as a "plain publication grade paper, such as MG or MF or other printing, writing or lable grades, or may have printed graphics thereon."

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However, examples do not constitute a definition. Thus, applicant's argument is not persuasive.

With respect to the rejections based upon the teachings of Cavagna in view of Peer, Applicant argues that the combination of references would not motivate one of ordinary skill in the art to attach a film to the bleached cellulosic fiber layer of Peer because Peer teaches the application of a film to only unbleached papers. The examiner does not agree with Applicant's characterization of the Peer reference. Peer teaches the application of plastic film over outer packaging paper materials (see Background of the Invention and Summary of the Invention). Thus, Peer would have motivated one of ordinary skill in the art to apply a film to the outer surface of a packaging paper. In Cavagna, the outer surface of the packaging paper is a bleached paper. Furthermore, the teachings of Peer are not limited to unbleached paper substrates. Peer defines the "paper material" as any web of cellulose fibers (col 5, lines 11+).

Applicant further argues that there is nothing in Cavagna that suggests the need for further layer(s) to help with tear resistance. The examiner notes that the rejection does not rely upon Cavagna for such a teaching. Peer was relied upon to teach that the application of a film to the outer surface of a paper packaging material increases the packaging material's tear resistance. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re

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Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

With respect to claims 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 12, 13, and 14, Applicant argues that the claims are allowable because Cavagna in view of Peer does not meet the limitations of claim 1. The rejections are maintained for the reasons stated above.

With respect to claim 10, Applicant argues that Cavagna in view of Peer does not teach a paper sheet with a coating. The examiner respectfully disagrees. The examiner takes the position that the adhesive and the film rendered obvious by Peer read on the claimed coating of claim 10.

With respect to claims 15 and 17-19, Applicant argues that Cavagna does not teach that two additional layers may be added to the laminate. The examiner agrees, but notes that the rejection never relied upon Cavagna for such a teaching. Rather, the examiner relied upon Confer to motivate one of ordinary skill in the art to add the claimed layers. In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

Applicant argues that the combination of Cavagna in view of Peer and Knudson fails to render claim 20 obvious. The examiner respectfully disagrees. Cavagna in view of Peer is relied upon as above. Knudson teaches a multi-ply paperboard comprising one ply of high bulk fibers sandwiched between at least two plies of conventional

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papermaking fibers (abstract). A bonding agent may be utilized between the layers (col 5, lines 3-17). Said paperboard has superior stiffness in comparison to traditional paperboard. Stiffness is important in folding carton applications (col 3, lines 3-5). Thus, the examiner maintains the position that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to utilize the multiply paperboard taught in Knudson in the laminate taught in Cavagna to increase the stiffness of the laminate.

### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a),

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kevin R Kruer whose telephone number is 571-272-1510. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Thibodeau can be reached on 571-272-1516. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

N-RX-

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